

How can we effectively promote health, wellbeing and attainment for all?



World Health Organization

REGIONAL OFFICE FOR EUROPE



Organisation mondiale de la Santé

BUREAU REGIONAL DE L' EUROPE



Weltgesundheitsorganisation

REGIONALBÜRO FÜR EUROPA



Всемирная организация здравоохранения

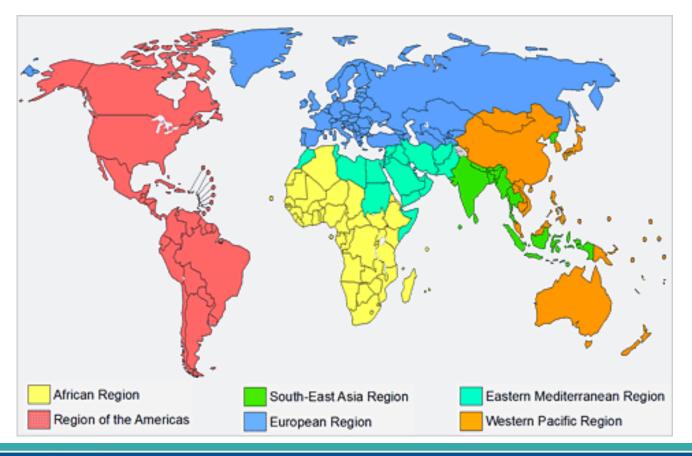
Европейское региональное бюро

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Galway, 13th June 2019

"Building a Healthy Ireland: Promoting Health and Wellbeing in Educational Settings" NUI Galway

WHO European Region: a region of great contrast



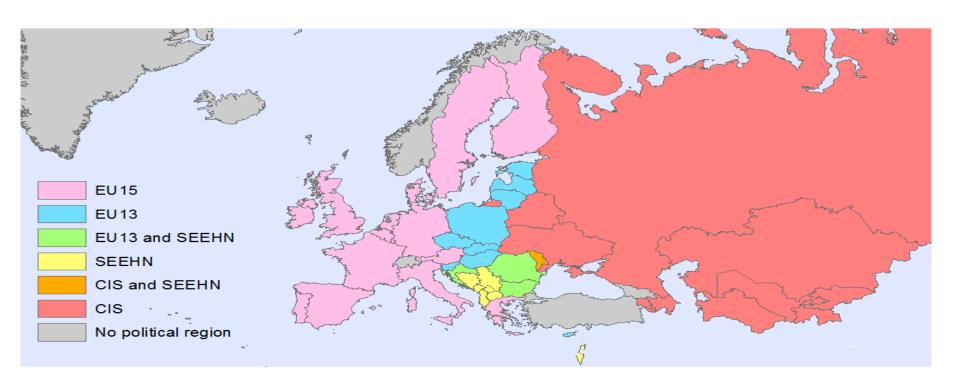


53 Member States

Albania	Czech Republic	Israel	North Macedonia	Spain
Andorra	Denmark	Italy	Norway	Sweden
Armenia	Estonia	Kazakhstan	Poland	Switzerland
Austria	Finland	Kyrgyzstan	Portugal	Tajikistan
Azerbaijan	France	Latvia	Republic of Moldova	Turkey
Belarus	Georgia	Lithuania	Romania	Turkmenistan
Belgium	Germany	Luxembourg	Russian Federation	Ukraine
Bosnia and Herzegovina	Greece	Malta	San Marino	United Kingdom
Bulgaria	Hungary	Monaco	Serbia	Uzbekistan
Croatia	Iceland	Montenegro	Slovakia	
Cyprus	Ireland	Netherlands	Slovenia	



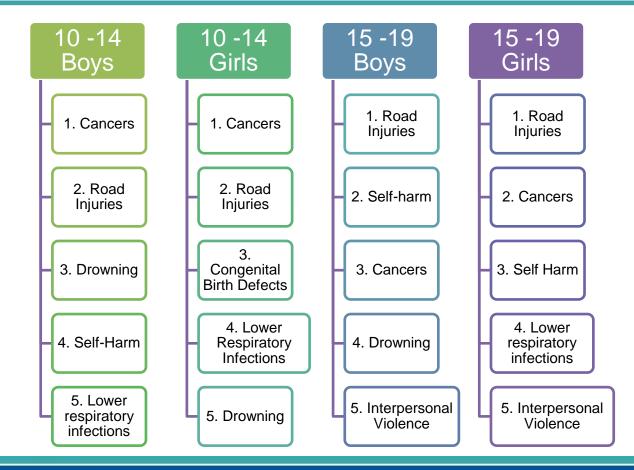
WHO European Region, a region of great contrast



Two questions for you

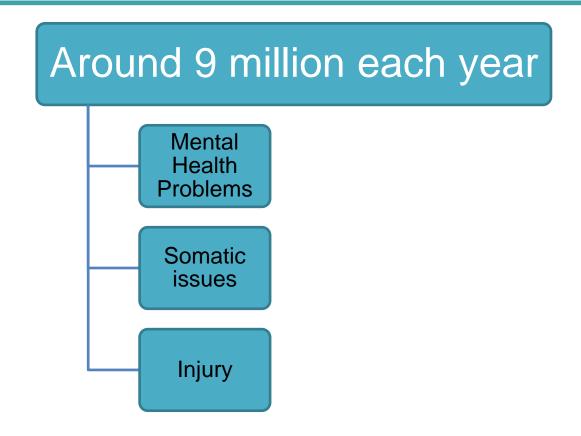
- Why are you here?
- Why do you care about improving health and wellbeing in education settings?

The 5 main causes of death: 10-19yrs old in WHO European Region*



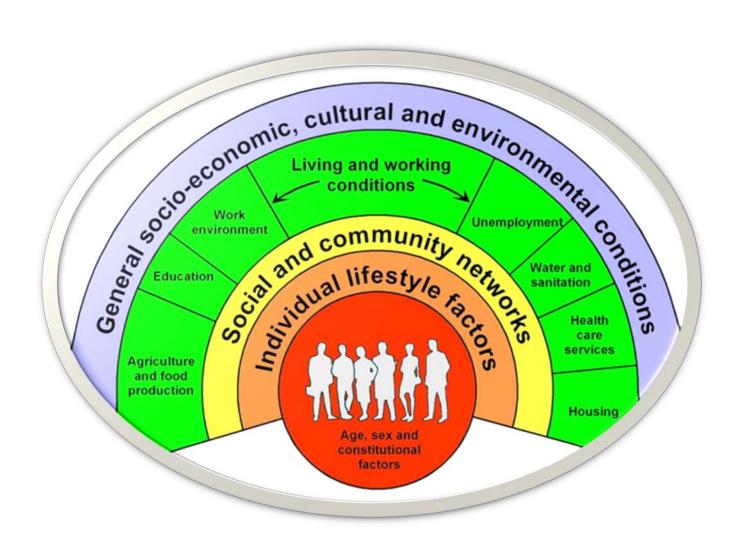


Healthy years of life lost in region each year





The Social Determinants of Health



"Ultimately, promotion of education and health are synergistic goals, both of which are essential for wellbeing and generating human capital; health and wellbeing interventions boost educational attainment while education boosts health and wellbeing'

Source: Our future: a Lancet Commission on adolescent health and wellbeing (2016)

Attainment Inequality

- Mirrors health inequality strong relationship between socio-economic status and achievement
- An attainment gap begins to develop in preschool and continues throughout formal schooling
- Students from higher socio-economic backgrounds are more likely to go on to tertiary education
- Lower attainment linked to poor health and increased mortality in adulthood.



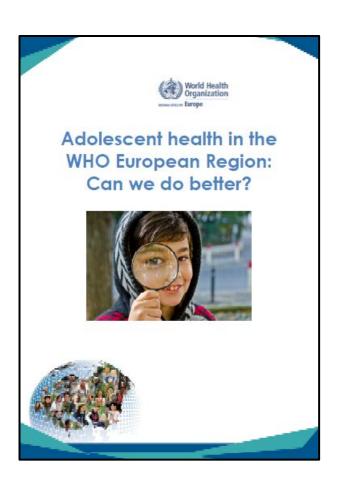
Double wins - Health and Education

Interventions that can improve health and reduce attainment inequality:

- Positive school climate
- Universal school-based social and emotional learning programmes
- Healthy nutritious lunches
- High quality out of school care e.g. breakfast clubs, play and activities, youth work



European Adaptation



Section 1: Why take action on adolescent health and wellbeing?

What is special about adolescents and why investing in them results in long term societal benefits

Section 2: The WHO European Region, a region of great contrasts Recent data on mortality and morbidity among adolescents in the region

Section 3: Acting on Adolescent Health

WHO Europe guidance on planning and implementing plans, programmes and interventions.

- Includes example evidence based interventions from AA-HA!

Appendices with links to case studies in European countries, from AA-HA and others compiled by the Regional Office.







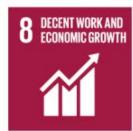


























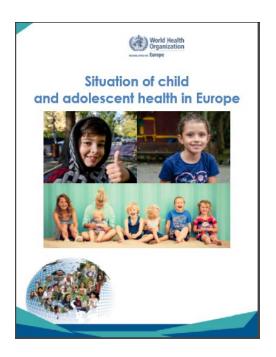






National strategy on health promoting schools in place?

28 countries – yes 16 countries – no





http://www.euro.who.int/en/publications/abstracts/situation-of-child-and-adolescent-health-in-europe-2018

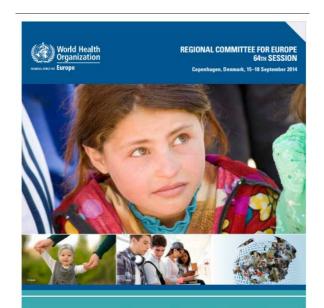
Legislation, policies or regulations for the provision of school health services in place (countries)



43 Countries



The current strategy (2015-2020)



Investing in children: the European child and adolescent health strategy 2015–2020

Priorities:

- Making children's lives visible
- Reducing preventable death and infectious disease
- Supporting growth and development
- Reduce exposure to violence
- Creating a tobacco-free generation
- Healthy eating
- Reducing depression
- Protecting against environmental risks



A new WHO strategy (2020-2030)



Key aims:

- Align child and adolescent health priorities and action to the Sustainable Development Goals
- Renew focus on Child and Adolescent Health
- Address current priorities and gaps in existing strategy
- A stronger focus on children and young people's rights
- Active participation of children and young people.



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